♦ ♥ ♣ ♦

BRIDGE

WALSH

Wizard of Oz Bidding System

Melih Ozdil

Melih Ozdil

WALSH

After partner's 1♣ opening, you should bid your major suit first with a four-card major suit and four diamonds. However, you should bid 1♦ first with a four-card major suit and 5+ diamonds.

S 1 ♣	W 	N ?	E	84 Q97 AJ973 852	KJ8 AQJ4 K9642 3	75 KT83 AQ74 A95	KT62 93 Q9864 Q5
				1.♦	1♦	1 ♥	1 🏟

Opener's Rebids over 1 ◆ Response

- * The opener should show his four-card major with 4-5 distributions.
- * If opener has balanced hand with one or two four-card major he should bid 1NT with 12-14 HCP and 2NT with 18-19 HCP.
- * If the opener has a 4=4=1=4 distribution, he should bid 1NT with 12-15 HCP and 2NT with 18-19 HCP. With 16-17 HCP, he should rebid 1♥ first and plan to make another bid if the responder makes a low level choice.

T2 AQJ6 73 KJT97	AQ85 KQJ6 5 KJ74	KT94 2 AT7 AKJ53	QJ97 AK85 9 KJ96	S 1♣ ?	W 	N 1 ◆	E
1♥	1♥	1 🍁	1NT				

Responder's Second Round Bids

* If Opener Rebids 1NT

\mathbf{S}	\mathbf{W}	\mathbf{N}	\mathbf{E}
1 💠		1 🔷	
1NT		?	

- 2. Sign-off with five diamonds and four clubs
- 2 ♦ : Sign-off with long diamonds
- 2M : At least five diamonds and a four-card major with game forcing values
- 3♣ : 5+ diamonds, 4+ clubs, game invitation
- 3 ♦ : Game invitation with long diamonds, unbalanced hand
- 3M : Splinter with long diamonds, game forcing

Responder must first start with 2 • with a strong hand with 5+ diamonds or 5+ diamonds and 4+ clubs, otherwise rebid might be a problem with these hands.

\mathbf{S}	\mathbf{W}	\mathbf{N}	\mathbf{E}
1 💠		1M	
1NT		?	

- 2♦ : Sign-off with five diamonds and four or five-card major.
- 3♣ : Sign-off with 5+ clubs and four-card major.
- 3♦ : Game invitation with five-card major and five diamonds

4 Walsh

* If Opener Rebids 1M

S	\mathbf{W}	N	\mathbf{E}				
1 4		1 ♦					
1♥		!					
- 1 \(- 1 \) NT - 2 \(\ldots \) - 3 \(\ldots \) - 4 \(\ldots \)	 Sign-off with 3+ clubs Sign-off with long diamonds ~11 HCP with Hxx fit and denies a stopper in the unbid major 6+ diamonds and 5+ spades, game forcing Game invitation with stopper(s) 3+ clubs game invitation Game invitation with long diamonds, unbalanced hand 						
S 1 . ↑	W 	N 1 ♦ ?	E 	842 J97 AJT73 85	A73 AQ4 K9642 JT	KT8 863 AQ754 52	AK4 865 Q984 752
				Pass	1 🗫	1NT	∠ •••
S 1 ♣ 1♥	W 	N 1 ♦ ?	E	753 KJ7 AKT84 52	A52 Q4 AT862 J86	K72 763 AKJ986 5	K82 AQJ5 A9864 K3

Advantages of Walsh

* Over 1 → response to 1 → opening, skipping the major suits and rebidding 1NT helps the bidding in the following ways:

2

- When there are not enough points to play a game, it gives the partnership a chance to play an optimal 1NT, 2♣ or 2♦ contract.

3**.**

3♦

3 •

- When the partnership has enough points to play a game and the Responder doesn't have a four-card major, 3NT can be bid without using any conventions.
- When the partnership has enough points to play a game and the Responder has five diamonds and a four-card major, reaching the correct 3NT, 4M or 5 → contract is not a problem.
- * Since rebidding 1M promises five clubs and a four-card major, it is easier to compete, bid a game or bid a slam with a 5-3 club fit.
- * It is possible to penalize opponents with a surprise distribution if opponents balance the 1NT rebid.
- * Most importantly, it is very difficult for the defense to lead and defend against no-trump contracts after the 1NT rebid; this is the biggest advantage of the Walsh convention.